

Monday, November 4, 2013

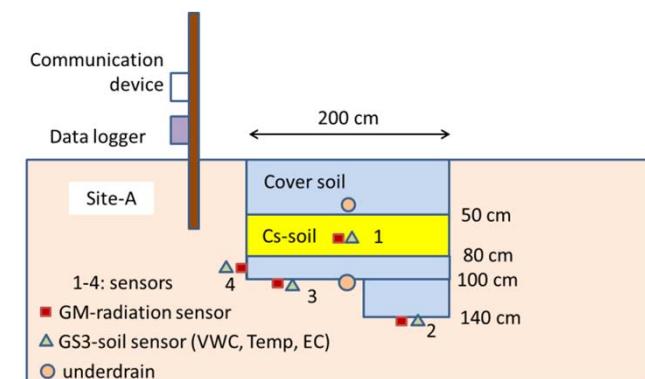
1:00 PM-4:00 PM

Marriott Tampa Waterside, Room 8

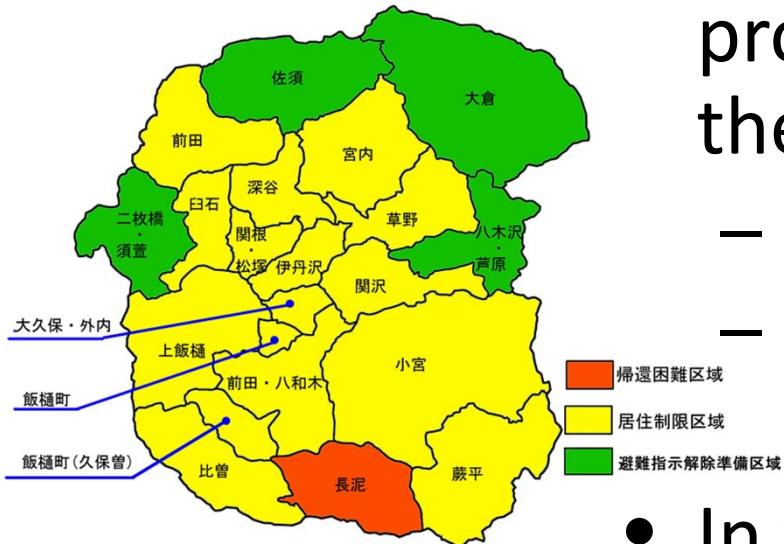
Burial Experiment of Soil Contaminated By Radiocaesium at a Paddy Field in Iitate Village, Fukushima Prefecture



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Univ. of Tokyo



Current status of Iitate village



- Decontamination of soil is progressing by government with the stripped topsoil method
 - Risk of missed
 - Risk of re-contamination
- In the re-decontamination
 - Re-decontamination should be done by villagers participatory
 - We need to prepare a variety of decontamination method

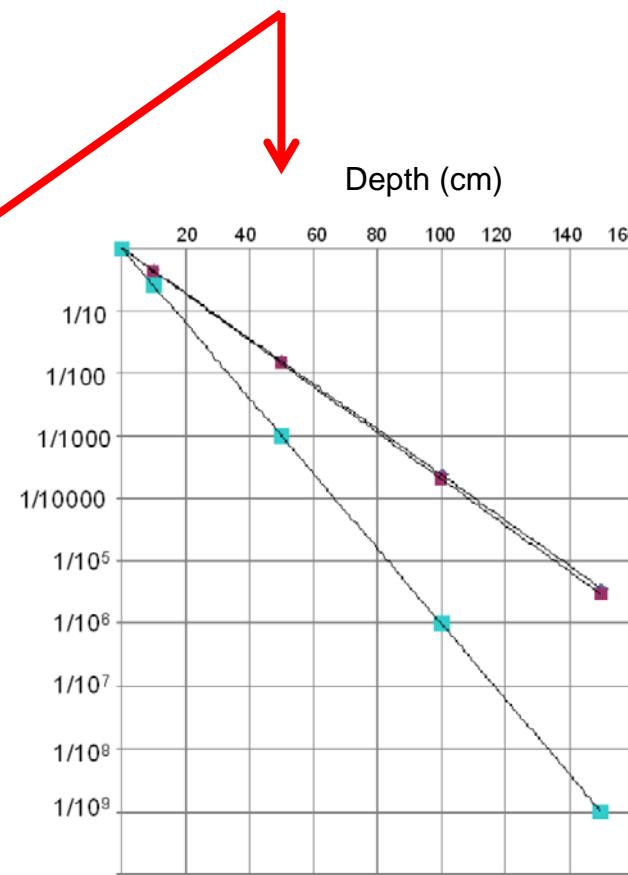
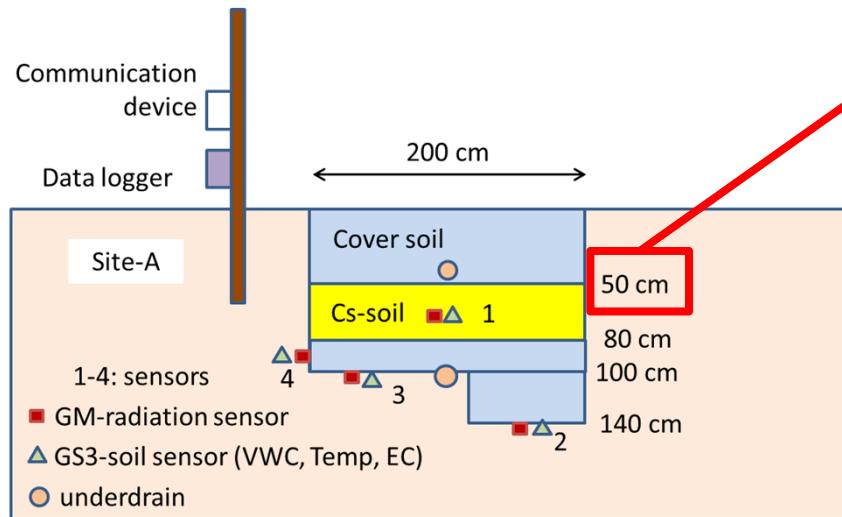
Objectives of these experiments

- **Madei-method testing**
 - Development of a combination decontamination method that farmers can do by themselves
 - Stripping topsoil + Deep plowing method (1)
 - Soil puddling + Deep plowing method (2)
- **Madei-monitoring**
 - Monitoring of farmland for
 - Crop cultivation after decontamination
 - Related to environmental change and weather conditions
 - Soil radiation dose

Madei means "carefully" and "heartfully" in the dialect of Iitate village, Fukushima

Proposal: Contaminated soil should be buried in the bare hole!

Radiation dose is 1/100 to 1/1000 just bury 50cm deep!



(Miyazaki, 2012)

Made-method-1

Stripping topsoil + Deep plowing method



Strip contaminated soil of 5cm thick and expose uncontaminated ground surface
Dig a hole of 80cm in depth and buries the contaminated soil
Cover non-contaminated soil on the contaminated soil

2012.12.1

Made-method-1 (continued)

Stripping topsoil + Deep plowing method

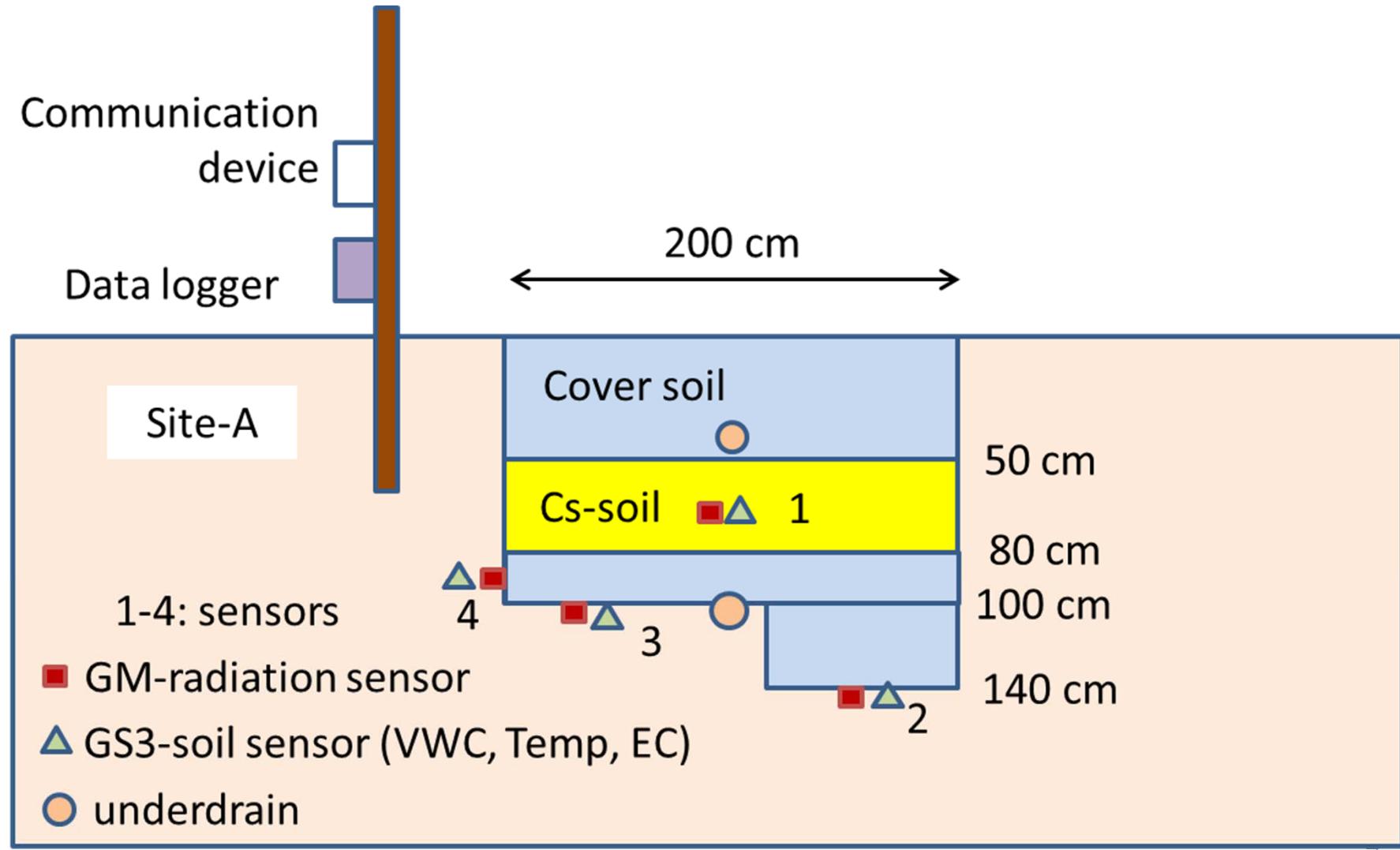


Burial of contaminated soil

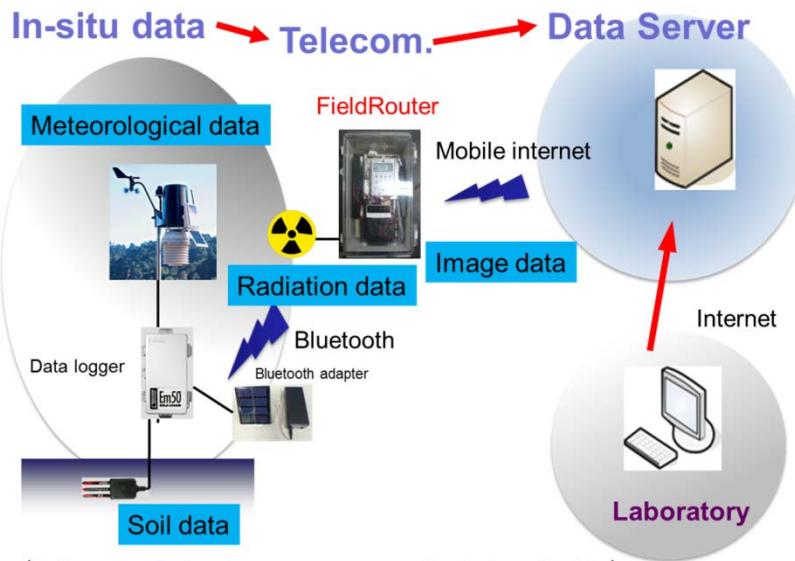
Compaction of soil

2012.12.1

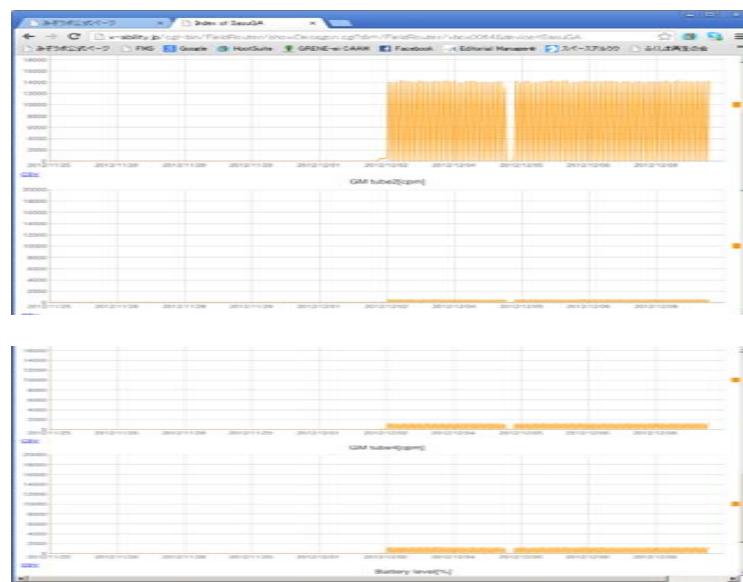
Figure of buried contaminated soil and sensors



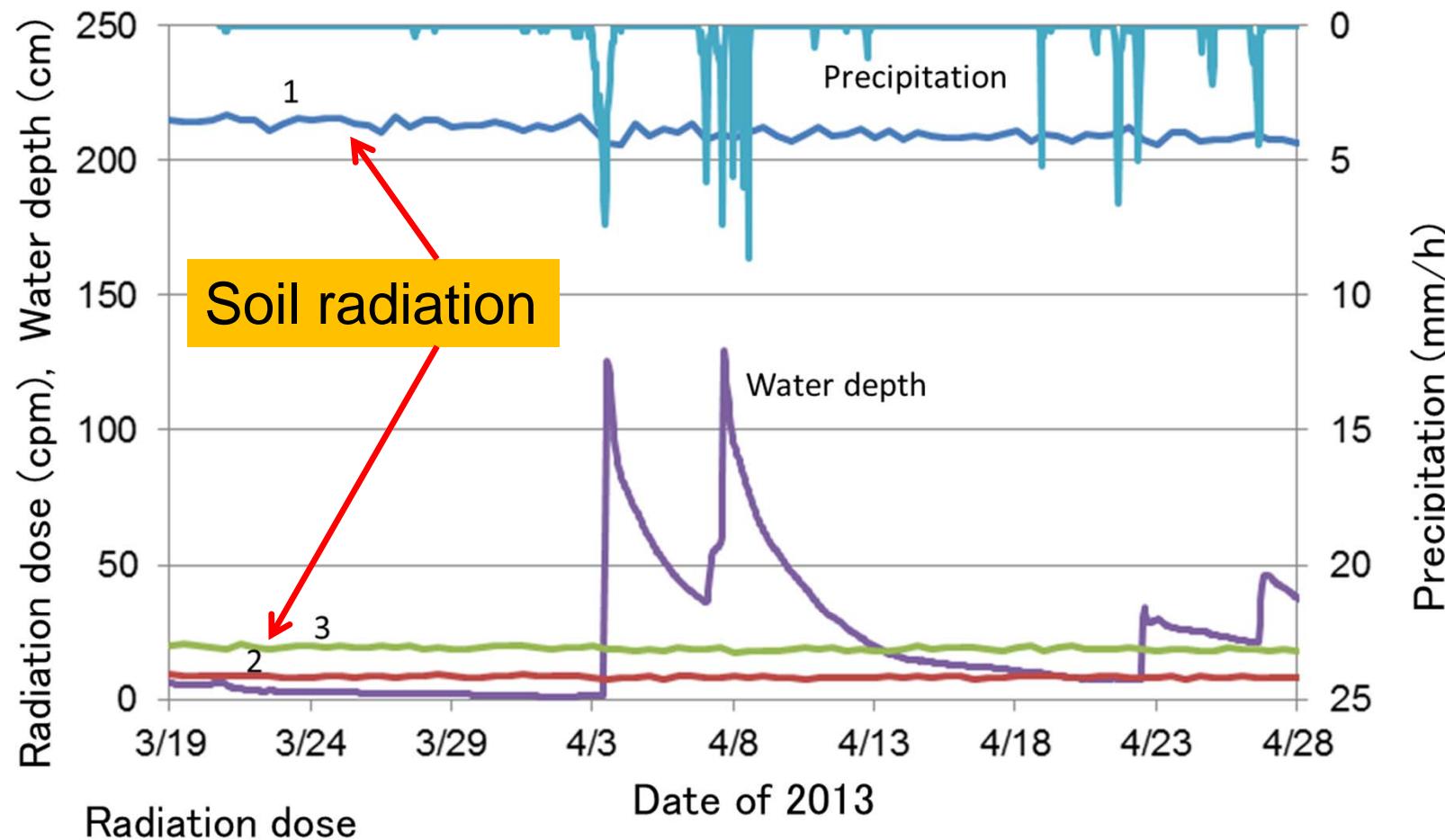
Radiation dose monitoring in soil by FMS



A screenshot of a web-based monitoring interface titled 'Quasi real-time Monitoring of Farmland using Field Router'. The top navigation bar includes links for 'FMS', 'Greene', 'HostSuite', 'GRENE-ei CAAM', 'Facebook', 'Editorial Manager', and 'SpaceAeroLab'. The main content area shows a grid of nine thumbnail images representing different monitoring sites: Iitate-Sasy, Iitate-Nameri, Iitate-Myo In-1, Iitate-Myo In-2, Iitate-Maeda, Iitate-Sudden, and Iitate-Tsui. Below the thumbnails is a legend: a red square for 'Image', a blue square for 'meteoro...', and a green square for 'soil (left side icons for yesterday, right side today)'. On the left sidebar, there is a 'Projects' list with items like 'GRENE', 'SRI', 'EDR', etc., and a 'Misc' button.



Changes in the groundwater level and precipitation before rice planting



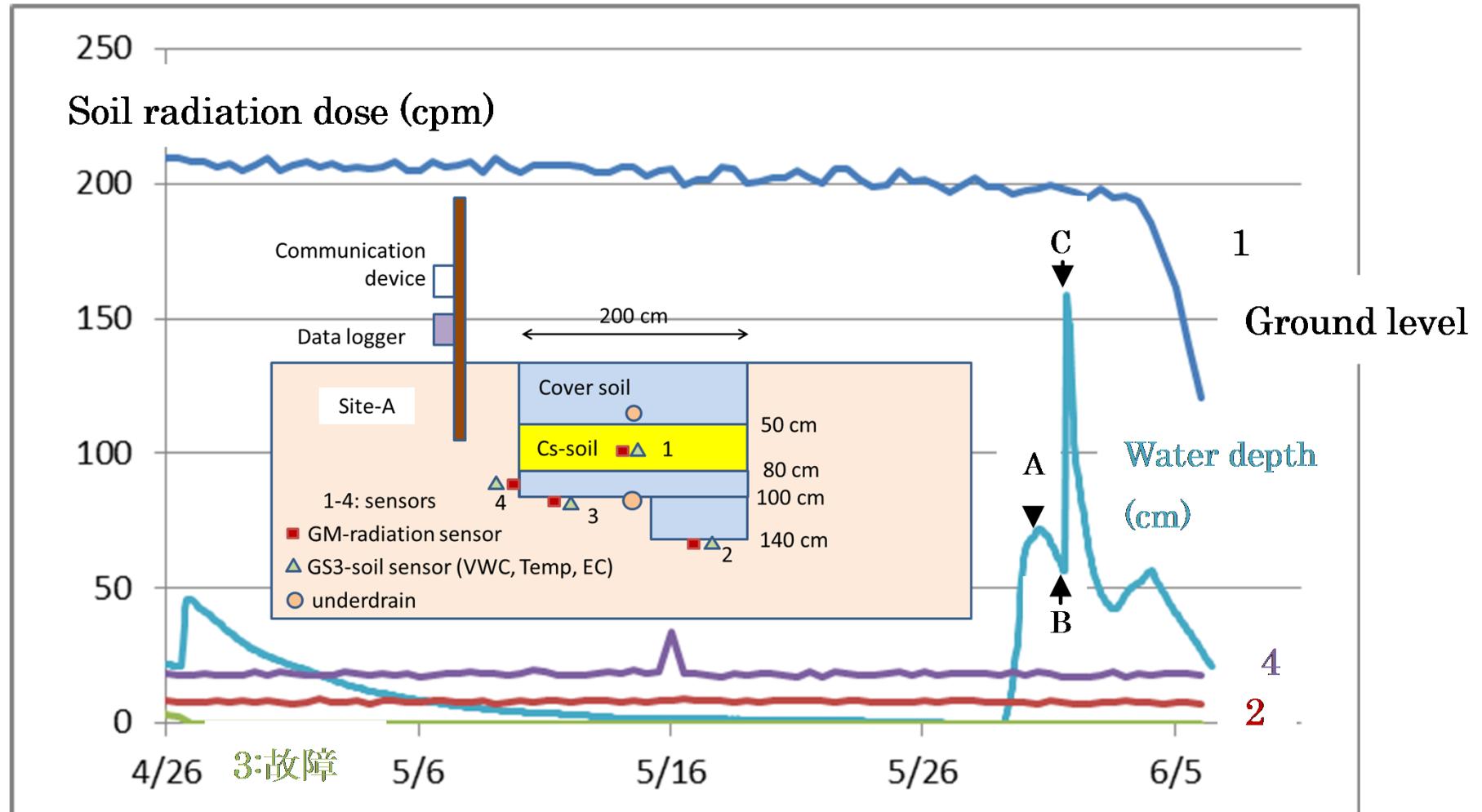
Radiation dose

1: in Cs-soil 2: under 60cm of Cs-soil 3: under 20cm of Cs-soil

Rice planting on the field contaminated soil was buried (Susu, 2013.6.8)

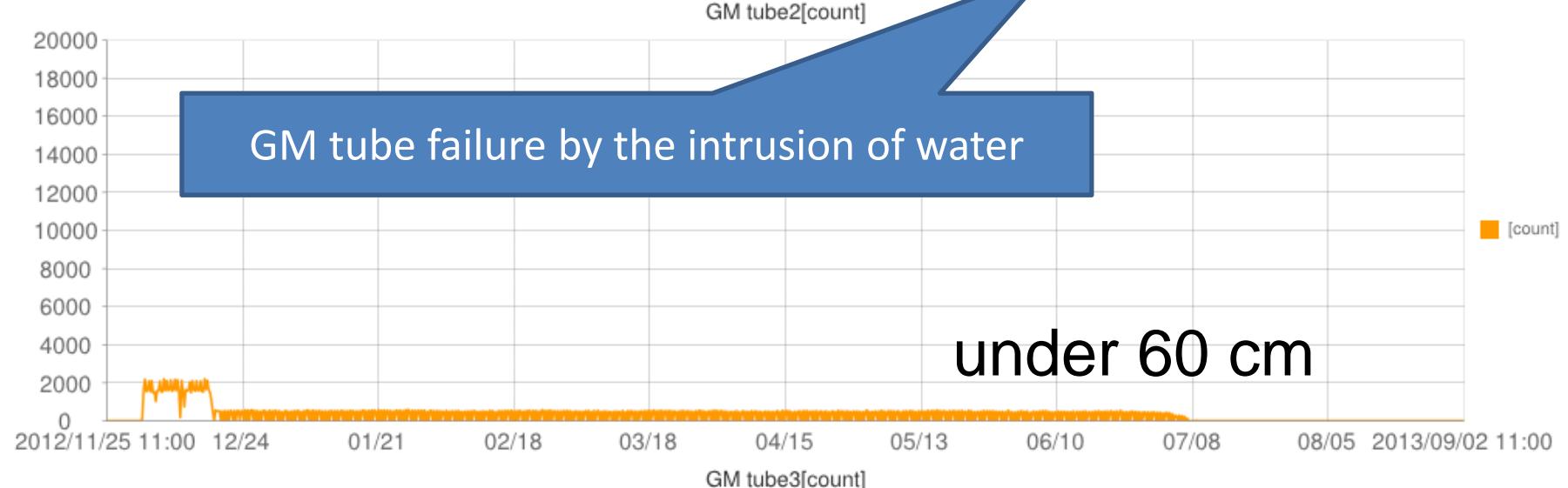
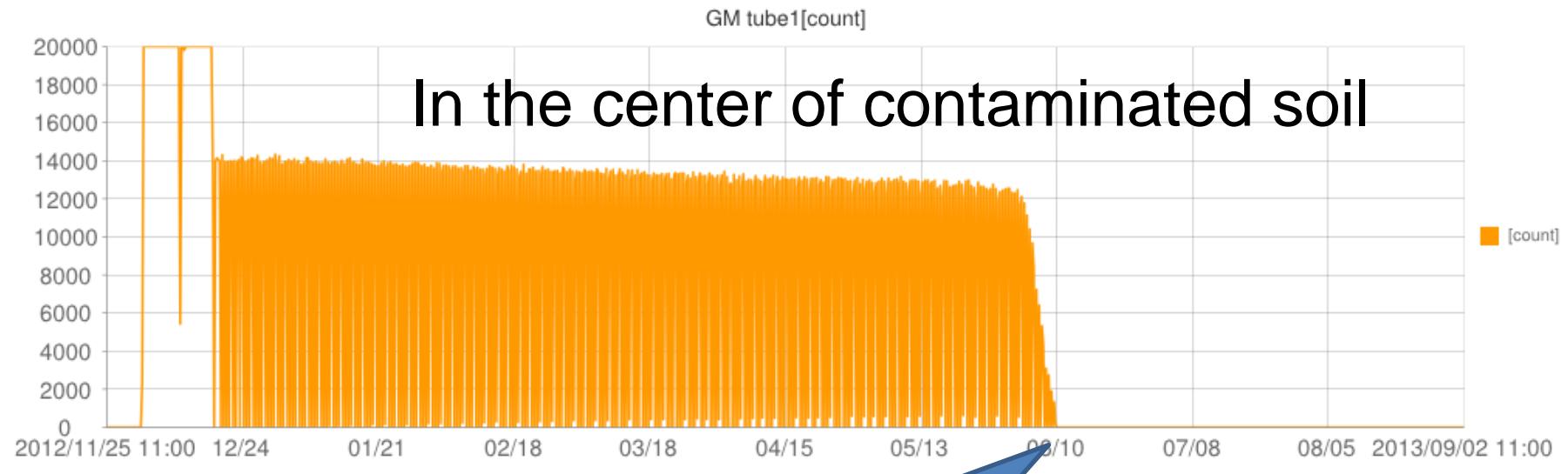


Changes in the groundwater level and soil radiation after rice planting



Radiocaesium is not moved even if water penetrates!

Long-term (?) monitoring of soil radiation



Made-method-2 (Komiya method)

Soil puddling + Deep plowing method



Flush out muddy water by tractor



(2013.5.18)

Two American guys worked together under the
Aggie upper class man on the previous day



(2013.5.17)

14

Collaborative work among researchers, NPO and Residents



Rice planting (2013.5.26)



Rice harvesting (2013.10.6)

We are awaiting your contribution to Fukushima!



Thank you for your kind attention



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mizo lab



検索オプション

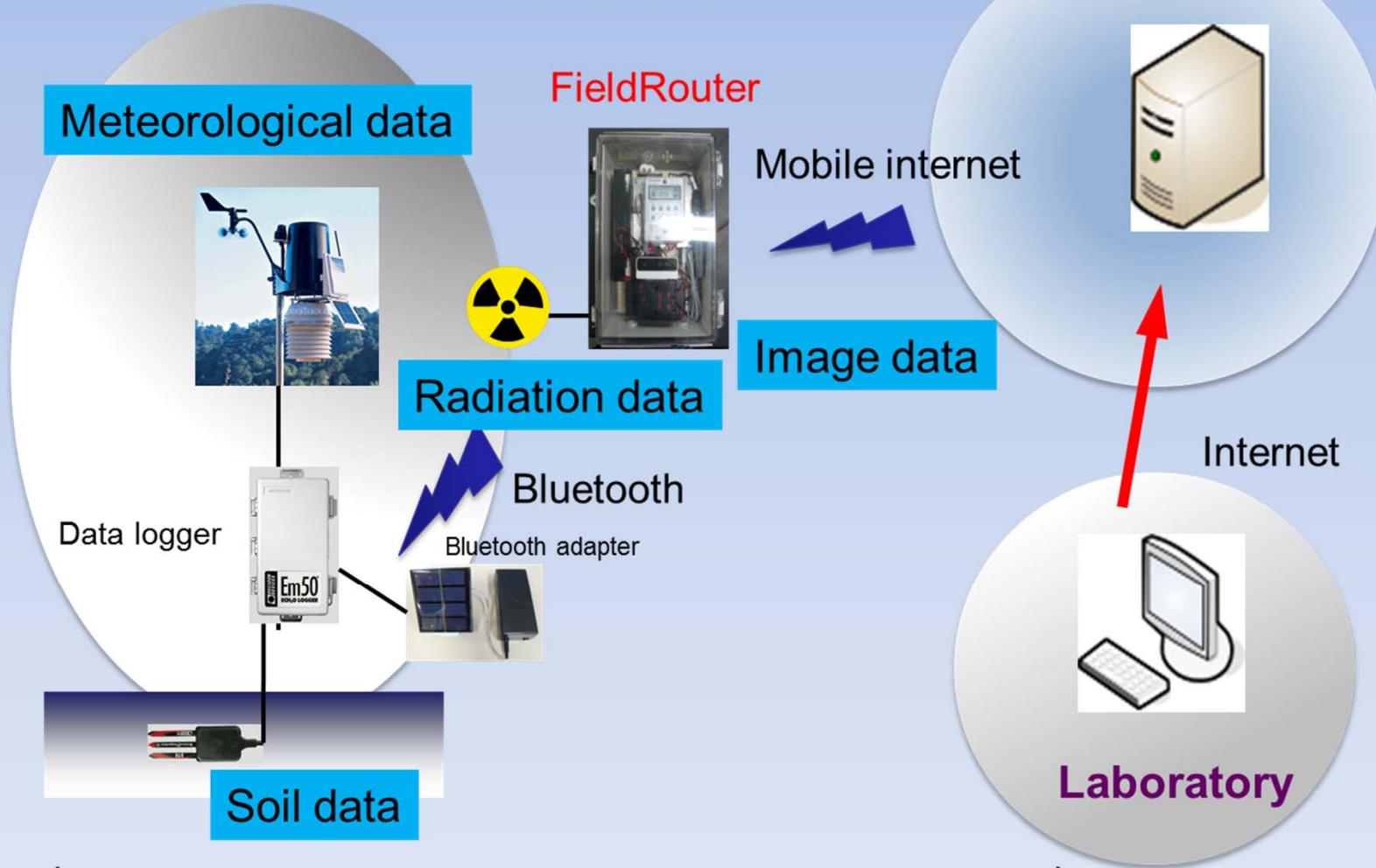


Acknowledgments

- Mr. Muneo Kanno, Agriculture Committee in Iitate village
- Members of “Resurrection of Fukushima”
- "Agricultural engineering team for reconstruction Fukushima at University of Tokyo"
- "Early return to village Project at Meiji University"
- The Japanese Society of Irrigation, Drainage, and Rural Engineering (JSIDRE)
 - Decagon Devices, Inc., AINEX Co., Ltd, and X-Ability Co., Ltd.
- All the people around the world for their prompt assistance just after the earthquake

The FMS with a radiation sensor

In-situ data → Telecom. → Data Server



Environmental monitoring of Iitate village



Garden of a house



In Forest



Out of forest
(deforest area)

1.2 m high Radiation dose

Air temperature

Relative humidity

Precipitation

Solar radiation

Wind direction, wind speed

Soil moisture, soil temperature,
and electrical conductivity

6-monitoring sites in Iitate village

Quasi real-time Monitoring of Farmland using Field Router

Masaru Mizoguchi

Lab. of International Agro-Informatics, Dept. of Global Agricultural Science, Univ. of Tokyo

MizoLab. Current Time (JST)=2012/07/23 12:26:58

▼ Projects

- GRENE
- SRI
- EDR
- EDR-JSIDRE
- EDR-Tsunami
- EDR-Iitate
- Tunisia
- Thailand
- Indonesia
- Hokuriku
- Hirosaki
- Dr.Doroemon
- misc

Method [Sites overview](#) [Login](#)

 Iitate-Sasu 2011.10.2	 Iitate-Nameiri 2012.3.17	Site Info 	 Iitate-Myojin-1 2011.12.10
 Iitate-Maeda 2012.4.14	 Iitate-suuden 2012.6.17	 Iitate-Myojin-2 2011.12.4	

I=Image, M=meteorologic, S=soil (Left side icons for yesterday, right side today)

[Mizo Lab.](#)

An example of monitoring data

Index of vbox0045 – Windows Internet Explorer
http://x-ability.jp/FieldRouter

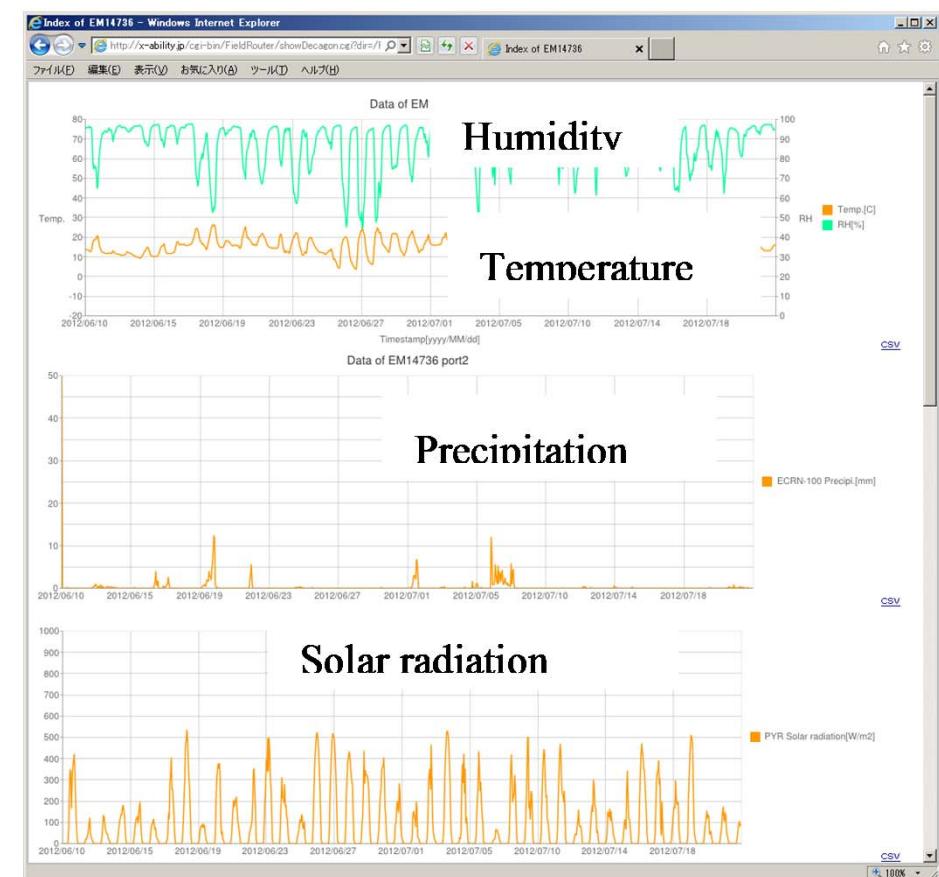
QR-code

Images

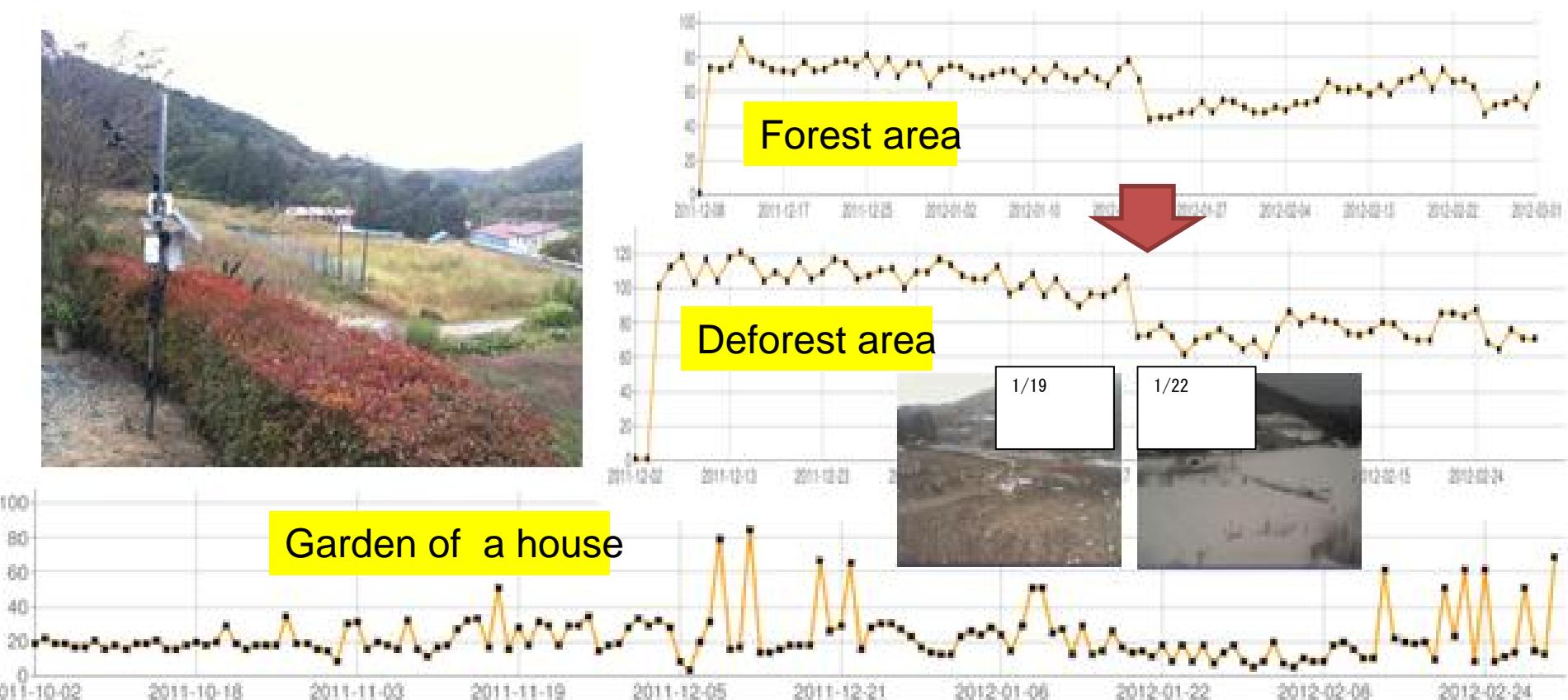
[image0]2011/10/18 12:06 (98.3K) [image calendar](#)

Data

EM14736	2011/10/18 12:08 battery: 100 logger time:2011-10-18 12:8:5 +36	 (23.1K)
Phocos	2011/10/17 12:06 battery: 12.74 logger time:	 (1.6K)
SimpleCounter	2011/10/18 12:12 battery:logger time:2011-10-18 12:06	 (0.2K)



Radiation watch in the village



Field monitoring reveals:

1. Snow cover decreases radioactive dose of village
2. Radioactive dose is high on a fine and low humid day